

| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Theme | Towers, Tunnels | Continents and | Land Ahoy! | Let's Go to | Famous for 5 | Street Detectives. | |
| | and Turrets. | Oceans | | China. | Minutes. | | |
| Curriculum Area | | | | | | | |
| Communication & Language | The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and- forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes, and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling, and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures. Communication and Language is a key part of the EYFS Curriculum and is one of the prime areas of learning. Speaking, | | | | | | |
| Speaking | - | standing underpins e nterventions through | | rough a combinatio | n of a language rich | environment, explicitly | |
| | On entry assessmen from this. All childre | ts are made to establ n have the opportuni | ish children's starting ity to share their home I take part in nurture/s | work challenge each | n week to develop s | peaking and listening | |



| Personal, Social & Emotional Development | Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life. We follow a whole school Jigsaw PSHE approach. | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Self-Regulation | Baseline | Celebrating | Dreams and Goals | Healthy Me | Relationships | Changing Me | |
| Managing Self | Assessments. | Differences | 1.Challenge | 1.Everybodys | 1.My Family and | 1.My Body | |
| Building Relationships | Being Me in My World. 1.Who Me? 2. How am I feeling today? 3. Being at School 4.Gentle Hands 5. Our Rights. | What am I good at? I'm special. I'm me. Families Homes Making Friends Standing up for yourself. | 2.Never giving up 3.Setting a goal 4.Obstacles and Support 5.Flight to the future 6.Footprint Award | body. 2.We like to move it. 3.Food glorious food. 4.Sweet dreams 5.Keeping clean 6.Safe adults. | me. 2.Making friends. 3.Falling Out 4.Bullying 5.Being the best friends we can be. | 2.Respecting my body.3.Growing Up4.Fun and Fears5.Celebration. | |



| | 6. Our Responsibilities. | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| Physical Development | Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence. | | | | | | |
| | Throughout the year, children have regular access to the outdoor area, climbing frames, bikes and scooters to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, coordination and agility. We also incorporate yoga and mindfulness into our weekly timetable to promote healthy bodies and emotional well-being. | | | | | | |
| Gross Motor Skills | Fundamental skills – ball skills Forest School | Gymnastics Forest School | Games - Basketball Games - Football | Balance Bike ability. Fundamental skills - Teamwork | Athletics – Sports Day Prep Dance | Tennis Forest School | |
| | We offer dough discos sessions, alongside Write Dance strategies to support the development of fine motor skills. Handwriting is taught throughout the year using out whole school scheme, Letter Join to develop patterns, pencil control and letter formation. | | | | | | |



| Fine Motor Skills | Use a comfortable pen grip with mark making/writing Using one handed equipment with developing control. | Write some letters accurately with developing proficiency and control Using tools with control and developing precision. | Form lower case and capital letters accurately with an efficient handwriting style Using tools competently, safely and confidently. |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Literacy | and word reading. Language comprehens adults talk with children about the world rhymes, poems, and songs together. Skille pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words | ong love of reading. Reading consists of two ion (necessary for both reading and writing | o dimensions: language comprehension g) starts from birth. It only develops when on-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy h the speedy working out of the familiar printed words. Writing involves |



EYFS Curriculum Map - 2024 - 2025





| Comprehension | | Taught using the above texts during whole class and small group reading sessions. | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------|--|--|
| Word Reading | Read CVC words with | n code knowledge: | CVC and CCVC/CVCC words with | | CCVCC, CVCCC, CCCVC and digraph | | | |
| | a/i/m/s/t/n/p/o/b/c/ | /g/h/d/f/v/e/k/l/r/u | previous code knowl | edge plus: | words previous co | de knowledge plus: | | |
| | / Read short phrases | with taught code | j/w/z/x/y/ff/ll/ss/zz | | sh/ch/th/ck/wh/ng | g/qu/ai/ee/igh/oa/or | | |
| | knowledge and CEW | S | Read short phrases a | ind sentences with | Read sentences wi | th taught code | | |
| | | | taught code knowled | lge and CEWs | knowledge and CE | Ws | | |
| Writing | Breaking speech into | words. | Writing for different | purposes Writing | Writing for differen | nt purposes. | | |
| | Mark making for mea | aning. | CVC and CCVC/CVCC | words. | Writing CCVCC, CV | CCC, CCCVC and | | |
| | Writing CVC words a | nd simple labels, | Write simple phases | and sentences | digraph words. | | | |
| | lists and captions. | | | | Write sentences using capital letters and | | | |
| | | | | | full stops. | | | |
| Sounds Write Phonics | Initial Code | Initial Code | Initial Code | Initial Code | Initial Code | Initial Code | | |
| | Unit 1 CVC | Unit 4 | Unit 8 VCC, CVCC | Unit 10 CCVCC, | Bridging Lessons | Skills Consolidation | | |
| | (a, i, m, s, t) | (d, e, f, v) | (2 Consonants in | CVCCC and | (/c/- c, k, ck) | – Segmenting, | | |
| | HFW/CEW – at, it, | HFW/CEW – for, | final position,3 and | CCCVC (3 | (/ch/- ch <i>,</i> tch) | Blending and | | |
| | a, as | of, dad, if, and, | 4 sound words) | adjacent | (/w/ - w, wh) | Phoneme | | |
| | Unit 2 CVC | had, get. | HFW/CEW – to, no, | consonants and 5 | HFW/CEW – | Manipulation | | |
| | (n, o, p) | Unit 5 CVC | go, into. | sound words) | recap all taught | HFW/CEW – recap | | |
| | HFW/CEW – in, in, | (k, l, r, u) | Unit 9 CCVC (2 | HFW/CEW – | words. | all taught words. | | |
| | an, not, the | | consonants in | recap all taught | | | | |
| | Unit 3 CVC | | initial position) | words. | | | | |



| Number | | • | / | | 10 20 and beyond | |
|-------------|---|--|------------|---|------------------|--|
| Number | Baseline Assessment | | Alive in 5 | | To 20 and beyond | |
| Mathematics | Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. | | | | | |
| | (b, c, g, h) HFW/CEW – is, I, big, his, him, got, can. | HFW/CEW – are, mum, up, but, put. Unit 6 CVC (j, w, z) HFW/CEW – was. Unit 7 CVC (x,y, ff, ss, zz) HFW/CEW – all | | Unit 11 (sh, ch, th, ck, wh, ng, qu) HFW/CEW – recap all taught words. | | |



| Understanding the World | and range of children parks, libraries and m addition, listening to culturally, socially, te familiarity with word later reading compre | rorld involves guiding n's personal experien nuseums to meeting a broad selection of chnologically and ecc s that support under hension. | ces increases their kno important members o stories, non-fiction, rh ologically diverse worl standing across doma | se of their physical w owledge and sense of f society such as polic ymes and poems wil d. As well as building ins. Enriching and wic | f the world around t ce officers, nurses a l foster their unders important knowled dening children's vo | d map nunity. The frequency them – from visiting nd firefighters. In standing of our lge, this extends their cabulary will support | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Past and Present | London in the past Queen Elizabeth II The Royal Family. | | History of Pirates | World in the past | History of Rockets | Hemington in the past. Stories from the past. Ex pupils. | | |
| | Whole school RE themes throughout the year (Leicestershire Agreed Syllabus): | | | | | | | |



| | Where do we | What stories are | Which people are | What places are | What places are | What times are | | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | belong? | special and why? | special and why? | special and why? | special and why? | special and why? | | | | |
| People, Culture and | My Home | Remembrance | Blackbeard | Easter | Astronaut – Neil | Visiting local | | | | |
| Communities. | My Family | Day | | Celebrations – | Armstrong | community. | | | | |
| | The Royal Family | Bonfire Night | | Chinese New | _ | | | | | |
| | | Christmas | | Year Chinese | | | | | | |
| | | | | Culture Foods – | | | | | | |
| | | | | Traditions | | | | | | |
| The Natural World | My School | Creatures that | Materials - Uses | Growing | Habitats | Hemington – Key | | | | |
| | Animals - Pets | live under the | | Plants | | landmarks. | | | | |
| | | sea Similarities | | | | Maps | | | | |
| | | Caring for our | | | | | | | | |
| | | environment- | | | | | | | | |
| | | plastic in the sea. | | | | | | | | |
| | | Weather. | | | | | | | | |
| | The development of | children's artistic and | d cultural awareness s | upports their imagina | ation and creativity. | It is important that | | | | |
| | children have regula | children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media | | | | | | | | |
| | and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their | | | | | | | | | |
| | understanding, self- | understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth | | | | | | | | |
| | of their experiences | are fundamental to t | heir progress in interp | reting and appreciat | ing what they hear, r | espond to and | | | | |
| | observe. | | | | | | | | | |



| Expressive Arts & Design | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Creating with Materials | Paint • Brush skills: load brush, clean brush Drawing • pencils: hold and grip Painting and mark making techniques explored. Drawing skills – Castles. | Paint • Brush skills: application of paint – thick and thin brushes • brushstrokes – zig-zag, dots. Drawing – pencils • dark and light lines • top and side of pencil | Sculpture – Clay • 3D arrangements Paint • colour mixing – shades/tint/primar y Drawing – pastels • dark and light lines • top and side of pencil • sketching line Sculpture – 3D Clay | Paint • Brush skills: application of paint – thick and thin brushes • brushstrokes – zig-zag, dots. Sculpture – paper • 3D arrangements Chinese Masks | Print • Press (into malleable), roll, stamp • Readymade • Unusual objects • Make your own Henri Matisse | Sketching Sketches of local area/ landmarks. |



| | Paul Klee | sketching line Sculpture – paper fold, rip, scrunch. Painting – Boats. Models – Boats | rolling, cutting, twisting, moulding Design, Draw and Paint Flags Sea Creature Clay Models. | Drawing of animals (panda) | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Being Imaginative and Expressive. | embed pulse, rhythm theme in our outdoc experiences from ro | n and pitch, explore v or learning area this h le play, learning nurse | for music. The scheme voices and classroom in as topical and seasona ery rhymes and song v arvest and end of year | nstruments. There is al enchantments thrc vith performance tim | a permanent role pla bughout the year. Ch e and daily storytelli | ay area linked to the ildren gain first hand ng. We also learn |